Capstone project 1- part 1

Q 1. BPM

- **1. Goal** Support purpose
- **2. Input** Seeds, pesticides and fertilizers, address, payment mode.
- **3. Output -** order conformation, notification (SMS, Emails), order id, tracking id.
- **4. User resource** web/mobile application, internet, sever, logistics, payment gateway.
- **5. Activities** login, select products, add to cart, place order, order status.
- **6. Value for the customer** farmers can buy required products from anywhere to doorstep.

Q 2. SWOT Analysis

Strengths

User friendly platform Mobile and web access Direct manufactures to farmer Mr. henrys vision

Weaknesses

Network issues No awareness about application logistics service not available at some areas

Opportunities

Growing digital
Government support to develop
agritech
Farmer needs

Threats

Payments frauds Fake products Delay in delivery's

Q 3. Feasibility Study

1. Technology

Frontend – java

Backend – ReactJS/ Angular

Database – MySQL

API's – RESTful APIs

Cloud – AWS or Azure app service

2. Hardware

I5/i7 processor 16GB RAM, SSD storage Android mobile for testing Broadband/internet

3. Trained resource

Project Manager, sr java developer, java developer, Database admin, testers and business analyst.

4. Budget and Time frame

Allocated time for the project 18 months Total budget 2cr for whole project

Q 4. GAP Analysis

AS-IS

Farmers need to travel to Towns to buy products

Farmers have limited options In local shops

No direct interaction with manufactures

Manual platform, No records

Takes time check all the. available stock in shops

Self-managed

Difficult to track govt subsidy

TO-BE

Farmers can buy any products from home

Farmers can have multiple options from multiple vendors

Direct interaction with manufactures

Digital platform, all orders are saved

Direct update about available stock

Integrated with delivery tracking and support

Integrated with subsidy schemes and Agri policies

Q 5. RISK Analysis

1. Business Analyst (BA) Risks

Farmers cannot explain there needs clearly due to lack of tech understanding.

Stakeholders may speak different regional languages.

Delay or incomplete feedback from stakeholders.

Business analyst is unfamiliar with agriculture sector and needs.

Frequent requirement changes may not easily understand by stakeholders.

If documents is not properly BA may in risk.

2. Process / Project Risks

Farmers in rural areas may lack of stable internet access.

Rural users may difficult to use app/web application.

Delivery to some remote locations may be costly or delivery not available.

Payment processors, delivery services

Risk of unauthorized access to manufacturer data

Poor response to farmers queries or technical problems can break the trust.

Logistics or e-commerce risk in some locations

Return the product or expiry of the product risk

Some farmers does not know to use the products properly that may cause negative impact of the product.

Some of them wont trust online platforms.

3. Internal risk

Uncontrolled changes or continuous growth in project scope.

Poor planning, unrealistic timelines, or weak coordination.

Team members may leave, be reassigned, or fall sick.

4 External risk

Farmers may face connectivity issues.

Remote locations may be hard to reach, affecting delivery.

Farmers may distrust online payments or fear about scams.

Q 6. RACI Matrix

	Name of the employee	Designation
Responsible	Mr.Pandu Mr. Karthik Ms. Juhi Mr.Teyson, Ms.Lucie, Mr.Tucker, Mr. Bravo	Finance head Delivery head Sr java developer Java developers
Accountable	Mr. Henry Mr. Vandanam BA Mr. Karthik	Sponsor Project manager Business analyst Delivery Head
Consulted	Mr.Dooku Mr.Mike Mr Jason and Ms.Alekya	Project coordinator Network admin Testers
Informed	Mr.Henry Peter, Kevin and Ben Mr. Karthik	Sponsor Client Head

Who are the influencers.?

Peter,Kevin and Ben – Real users sharing pratical inputs Mr.Dooku – project coordinator

Q 7. Business case document

• Why is this project initiated.?

This business case proposes the development of an Online Agriculture Product Store to enable farmers in remote areas to easily access fertilizers, seeds, and pesticides. The platform will digitally connect manufacturers with farmers, helping bridge supply chain gaps and improving agricultural productivity. The project will be executed by APT IT SOLUTIONS under SOONY's CSR initiative, with a budget of ₹2 Crores and a timeframe of 18 months.

What are the current problems.?

Farmers face difficulty accessing fertilizers, seeds, and pesticides. Dependence on middlemen.

No digital platform to connect manufacturers directly with farmers.

• With this project, how many problems are solved.?

Develop a user-friendly web and mobile application.
Farmers browse, compare, and order products online.
Allows manufacturers to list products (fertilizers, seeds, pesticides).
Provides order tracking, delivery, and payment features.

• What are the resources required.?

Human Resources
Technical Resources (Hardware & Software)
Financial Resources
Time/Operational Resources
Support & Training Resources

What is the time frame to recover the ROI.?

The total money spent on the project is ₹2 Crores
It is funded under CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility)

(Non profit) – Helping farmers to get fertilizers, seeds, and pesticides easily.
 Financial ROI
 Charging companies to list their products
 Ads or promotions on the platform

How to identify stakeholders.?

Understand the Project Scope List All Involved Groups Classify Stakeholders by Role Use a Stakeholder Identification Template

Q 8. SDLC Methodologies

SDLC (Software Development Life Cycle) is a structured process used to design, develop, test, and deliver software.

Four common SDLC methodologies are

1. Sequential Model

Sequential model is also known as waterfall model. Sequential model is a step-by-step, one phase is completed before the next begins. Sequential model is easy to understand.

2. Iterative Model

The system is built and improved in repeated cycles (iterations). Each iteration delivers a working version.

Iterative model can improve based on feedback.

3. Evolutionary Model

Evolutionary model is Similar to Iterative, but more focused on rapid prototyping and feedback. The system evolves based on user input. Here is fast user feedback.

4. Agile Model

Agile model is highly flexible and works in short cycles called sprints. Continuous planning, development, testing, and delivery.

Agile model adapts to change quickly.

Here delivers working software fast.

Q 9. When the APT IT SOLUTIONS company got the project to make this online agriculture product store, there is a difference of opinion between a couple of SMEs and the project team regarding which methodology would be more suitable for this project. SMEs are stressing on using the V model and the project team is leaning more onto the side of waterfall model. As a business analyst, which methodology do you think would be better for this project?

SDLC methodologies are

Waterfall model
It is a step by step process
Esay to manage but changes are hard to make it later

V model Similar to waterfall model but focus more on testing Each development step as testing step But not flexible to change it later

RUP
Work done in phases or cycles
Good for big or complex projects

Spiral
Focus on risk and improvement
Useful for research or risky projects

Agile
Work in small cycles
Gets early feedback from clients
Esay to make changes anytime and it is very flexible

As a Business analyst I suggest using scrum (Agile) for this project because its flexible, quick and easy. Let us involve farmers early to ensure quality and performance, we can also include some testing ideas from the V model as SME's suggested.

${\bf Q}$. ${\bf 10}$ Differences Between Waterfall Model and V-Model.?

Waterfall	V-Model
Low cost	Expensive
Move in linear way	Don't move in linear way
Less customer involvement	More customer involvement
Step by step process	Testing linked to each step
Testing happens after development	Testing done after each step
Errors are found late	Errors are found early
More focus on development	Equal focus on development and testing
Simple and small projects	High quality projects
Hard to make changes later	Here also hard but better for finding mistakes
	early
Documentation is less focused on testing	Strong documentation for both development and testing
Feedback comes after development	Feedback and correction planned throughout
	the lifecycle
Poor in risk control	Handling risk due to early validation
User involvement is less	User involves in validation

Q. 11 As a BA, state your reason for choosing one model for this project.?

As a BA I suggest using the Agile (scrum) model for this project.

The main reason to choose this Agile is that the app/web application is for farmers in remote areas, and their needs might be change or grow as they start using the platform. With agile we can build app/web application step-by-step and release working parts early and get feedback from end users(farmers).

This helps team with making changes quickly if something is not working or if new idea comes in. Agile also helps us to stay on track with the budget and time because we delivery in short sprints and see the progress regularly.

Q. 12 Gantt Chart

Week1	Week10	Week20	Week29	Week38	Week46	Week55	Week65	Week73	Week78
Project manager (vandanam)									
Business analyst									
			Ja	iva develo	pers				
			Sup	port head	l				
	Testers								
Network admin									

Q. 13 Explain the difference between Fixed Bid and Billing projects.?

Fixed bid

Cost fixed before the project start.

Company takes more risk

Low – hard to change scope

Clear and well defined projects

Easy for clients for budget control

Fixed bid when the scope is fixed and clear

Billing projects

Cost is based on hours or efforts based Clients take more risk Esay to add or change work Harder for clients for budget control Billing model when the work may change

Q.14 Timesheets of a BA in various stages of SDLC.?

Design Timesheet of a BA

Day	Project phase	Task	Time in	Time	Total
				out	hours
Mon	Requirement gathering	Requirement gathering session with stakeholder (peter,kevin,ben)	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Tue	Requirement analysis	Prepared BRD	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Wed	Design	Created use case and discussed with devp team	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Thu	Design	review functional specs with testing team	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Fri	UAT planning	Preparing UAT test scenarios	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
			•	•	42.5hr

Development Timesheet of a BA

Day	Project phase	Task	Time in	Time	Total
				out	hours
Mon	Seed ordering module	UI Designs	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Tue	Fertilizer listing module	Coordinate with devp team to clarify	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Wed	Filter feature	Updated RTM	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Thu	Order tracking UI	Sprint review and feedback	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Fri	Payment integration	Document for payment method update	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr

Testing Timesheet of a BA

Day	Project phase	Task	Time in	Time	Total
				out	hours
Mon	Testing 1 seed module test	Test case with QA team	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Tue	Testing 1 seed module test	Helped QA team to understand business process flow	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Wed	Testing 2 fertilizer testing	Review meeting	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Thu	Testing 2 fertilizer testing	Updated RTM	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Fri	UAT end user test	UAT script creation	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr

UAT Timesheet of a BA

Day	Task	Time in	Time	Total
			out	hours
Mon	Created UAT plan and shared with stakeholder team	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Tue	Conducted UAT session with farmers	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Wed	Collected feedback	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Thu	Coordinated with devp and testers team to fix errors/updates	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Fri	Fixed issues with users	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr

Deployment & Implementation Timesheet of a BA

Day	Task	Time in	Time	Total
			out	hours
Mon	Participated in go live checklist review	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Tue	Final data validation	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Wed	Support development and system performance	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Thu	Helped with user training	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr
Fri	Addressed issues reported by users	9:30 Am	6:00 Pm	8.5 hr